



# OPISTHOBRANCH FAUNA OF ALACRANES CORAL REEF, YUCATAN PENINSULA, MEXICO

Jazmín D. Ortíz Gutiérrez<sup>1\*</sup>, Nuno Simões<sup>2</sup>, Laura Sanvicente-Añorve<sup>3</sup>, Juan Lucas Cervera<sup>3</sup> and Vivianne Solis-Weiss<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Instituto de Ciencias del Mar y Limnología, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México. Apdo. Postal 20-305, 04320 México, D.F. 2 UMDI-Sisal, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México. Ex-Sanatorio Rendón Peniche. Calle 43 s/n por 44 y 46 Col. Industrial, Mérida Yucatán. 3 Departamento de Biología, Facultad de Ciencias del Mar y Ambientes, Universidad de Cádiz. Polígono del Río San Pedro s/n Apdo. 40-11510 Puerto Real, Cádiz, España  
\*Email: jazmin.ortizgarcia@gmail.com



## INTRODUCTION

The study of the opisthobranch mollusks is much less developed in the Atlantic coast of Mexico than in the Pacific. Specifically, no surveys aimed solely at the opisthobranch fauna have been made in the National Park "Parque Nacional Arrecife Alacranes" (PNAA).

## STUDY AREA

National Park "Parque Nacional Arrecife Alacranes" (PNAA) is a large reef area (25 km long and 14 km wide) located 140 km north of the Yucatan Peninsula, Campeche Bank (Fig. 1).



## METHODS

Four surveys were carried out in the PNAA using direct and indirect sampling methods (brushing, vacuum pump, and a sledge net) (fig. 2) during May 2008, August and December 2009 and March 2010. The opisthobranchs were identified using specialized literature (e.g. Valdés *et al.* 2006).



## RESULTS

A total of 44 species, included in five orders and 19 families, were identified. This study includes 41 new records for the PNAA. A list of the opisthobranch fauna is presented here for the first time (table 1). The most diverse order was the Nudibranchia with 15 species, followed by the Sacoglossa with 14 species. The Cephalaspidea and the Aplysiomorpha had seven species. The Pleurobranchomorpha was the less diverse group with only one species (*Pleurobranchus crossei*).

## CONCLUSIONS

We recognized 44 different species during four surveys.

The species *Elysia crispata*, *Elysia tuca*, *Dolabrifera dolabrifera*, *Dendrodoris krebsii*, and *Phidiana lynceus* were found in all the surveys.

## LITERATURE CITED

Valdés, A., J. Hamann, D. Behrens y A. DuPont, 2006. *Caribbean sea slugs. A field guide to the opisthobranch molluscs from the tropical northwestern Atlantic*. Sea Challengers, Washington, 289 p.

Table 1. Species list of opisthobranch collected in PNAA. (\*) Previously recorded, the rest are new records for this reef.

### Order Cephalaspidea

- Family Haminoeidae Pilbry, 1895  
*Haminoea antillarum* (d' Orbigny, 1841)  
*Haminoea* sp  
*Atys cf. macandrewii* Smith, 1872
- Family Bullidae Gray, 1827  
*Bulla occidentalis* A. Adams, 1850 \*
- Family Aglajidae Pilbry, 1895  
*Aglaja felis* Er. Marcus & Ev. Marcus, 1970  
*Chelidonura hirundinina* (Quoy & Gaimard, 1833)  
*Navanax aenigmaticus* (Bergh, 1893)



### Order Sacoglossa

- Family Juliidae E. A. Smith, 1885  
*Berthellina caribea* Edmunds, 1963
- Family Oxynoidae Stoliczka, 1868  
*Oxyno cf. azuropunctata* Jensen, 1980
- Family Bosellidae Ev. Marcus, 1982  
*Bosellia cf. mimetica* Trinchese, 1891
- Family Placobranchidae Gray, 1840  
*Elysia crispata* Mörch, 1865 \*  
*Elysia ornata* (Swainson, 1840)  
*Elysia papillosa* Verrill, 1901  
*Elysia tuca* Ev. Marcus & Er. Marcus, 1967  
*Elysia subornata* Verrill, 1901  
*Elysia flava* Verrill, 1901  
*Elysia pratensis* Ortea & Espinosa, 1996  
*Elysia patina* Ev. Marcus, 1980
- Family Limapontidae Gray, 1847  
*Costasiella ocellifera* (Simroth, 1895)  
*Placida kingstoni* Thompson, 1977  
*Cyerce cf. antillensis* Engel, 1927



### Order Aplysiomorpha

- Family Aplysiidae Lamarck, 1809  
*Aplysia parvula* Mörch, 1863  
*Aplysia dactylomela* Rang, 1828  
*Aplysia brasiliensis* Rang, 1828  
*Stylocheilus striatus* (Quoy & Gaimard, 1832)  
*Dolabrifera dolabrifera* (Cuvier, 1827)  
*Petalifera petalifera* (Rang, 1828)  
*Phyllaplysia engeli* Er. Marcus, 1955



### Order Pleurobranchomorpha

- Family Pleurobranchidae Gray, 1827  
*Pleurobranchus crossei* Vayssiére, 1897



### Order Nudibranchia

- Family Polyceridae Alder & Hancock, 1845  
*Polycera cf. herthae* Ev. Marcus & Er. Marcus, 1963
- Family Chromodorididae Bergh, 1981  
*Risbecia nyalya* (Ev. Marcus & Er. Marcus, 1967)
- Family Dorididae Rafinesque, 1815  
*Hypselodoris rufa* Ev. Marcus & Hughes, 1974
- Family Dorididae Thompson, 1879  
*Aphelodoris antillensis* Bergh, 1879
- Family Discodorididae Bergh, 1891  
*Jorunna spazzola* (Ev. Marcus, 1955)
- Family Dendrodorididae O'Donoghue, 1924  
*Dendrodoris krebsii* (Mörch, 1863)
- Family Tritoniidae Lamarck, 1809  
*Tritonia bayeri* Ev. Marcus & Er. Marcus, 1967
- Family Hammerellidae Gosliner & Ghiselin, 1987
- Family Scyllaeidae Alder & Hancock, 1855  
*Scyllaea pelagica* Linnaeus, 1758
- Family Facelinidae Bergh, 1889  
*Phidiana lynceus* Bergh, 1867
- Family Aeolidiidae Gray, 1827  
*Aeolidiella alba* Risbec, 1928



### Unidentified nudibranchs

- Sp no id 1
- Sp no id 2
- Sp no id 3



### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

To the SEMAR, CONANP and SCT for the transportation to the PNAA and their help in Pérez Island. Dr. C. González (UADY), and his research team. To all the people who helped us during the surveys, especially to P. Westendarp, E. Lemus and O. Hernández. To Dra. M. Reguero (ICMyL, UNAM), M.C. M. Badillo, A. Gallardo, and F. Mex (UMDI-Sisal, UNAM) for their useful assistance.

### FUNDING

PAPIIT IN-220910 "Estructura de la comunidad de moluscos opistobranquios del Parque Nacional Arrecife Alacranes, Yucatán, México" project; PAPIME PE207210 "Mejoramiento de la enseñanza sobre Biodiversidad, Taxonomía y Sistemática de Biota Marina y Litoral para manejadores de la Zona Costera: herramientas actuales" project; CONACYT-SEMARNAT 108285 "Delimitación y caracterización de los bajos arrecifales de Sisal: Descripción de los fondos marinos y cuantificación de biodiversidad" project; Shell International E&P for funding the "Caracterización Sedimentaria y Prospección Ecológica del Arrecife Alacranes" project (R. Garza, UNAM & E. Rankey, U. Miami).

